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Practicalities of re-wilding

Commentary on Baker & Winkler on Elephant Rewilding

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Abstract: Re-wilding large-brained, intelligent mammals dependent on social learning to acquire survival skills is challenging. Each reintroduced species has different needs, but basic questions relating to essential aspects of successful release such as subsistence remain the same. Here I pose 12 ecologically and ethologically based questions that should be addressed (if not already done).

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Introduction

Although my experience of elephants is limited to peripheral contacts over decades of field research on wild chimpanzees, I have some first-hand experience of reintroducing large-brained, socially multiplexed, wide-ranging, terrestrial tropical mammals into the wild and of working with refuges (e.g., Ron & McGrew, 1988; Horvath et al., 2007). More precisely, my research team collaborated with Stella Brewer Marsden's project in Niokolo-Koba National Park, Senegal, which rehabilitated and released captive chimpanzees into the wild (Brewer, 1978).

Consequently, I was curious to see whether basic issues that raise challenges to be overcome have been addressed by Baker & Winkler (2020) and the ensuing commentaries. Many were not or were only touched upon. I list some of these potential problems below, in the form of what I hope are pertinent questions. My ignorance of the elephant literature might make these points superfluous, but they should perhaps be aired.

Foundational questions

- **1.** Have pre-release ecological and demographic studies/surveys been done at the proposed release sites, to assess their suitability?
- **2.** Are the natural resources available, year-round, to support an insertion of new consumers into places with an existing population of resident wild elephants?
- **3.** Has the carrying capacity of the habitat been assessed, taking account of the residents' population density?
- **4.** Do resident elephants respond negatively to strange, immigrant competitors? (In chimpanzees, wild residents respond aggressively, even fatally, to newcomers.)
- 5. Is crop-raiding an issue when elephants accustomed to a captive diet become free-ranging?

¹ WCM seeks to convince rehabilitating chimpanzees that they should eat seeds of *Parkia biglobosa*, rather than the bananas, oranges, etc. that they were used to in captivity.

- **6.** Has there been a risk assessment of likely danger to the human population from released and free-ranging elephants?
- **7.** What evaluations of exposure to and uptake of wild foodstuffs have been done on to-be-released elephants?
- 8. Has the risk of predation (including human) on the released elephants been assessed?
- 9. Is the life-history of individuals being released known and evaluated, with regard to probability of successful transition to the wild? (In chimpanzees, it makes a big difference if the individuals are captive- or wild-born, and mother- or non-motherreared.)
- **10.** Has the possibility of pathogen transmission from captivity to the wild (or vice-versa) been investigated, in terms of diseases, parasites, etc.?
- 11. Have the costs as well as the benefits to the ecosystem of releasing elephants been considered? (In southern Africa, over-populated elephants are culled because of the damage they cause to wild vegetation. They are not called 'bulldozer herbivores' without reason!)
- **12.** Have the project's procedures been given ethical scrutiny and approval by the appropriate authorities?

I hope that all these considerations have been addressed, or will be!

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